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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/606,486	06/26/2003	Daniel A. Miser	14187.149.1	5598
22913	913 7590 02/07/2005		EXAMINER	
WORKMAN NYDEGGER (F/K/A WORKMAN NYDEGGER &			MCCORMICK EWOLDT, SUSAN BETH	
SEELEY)	JTH TEMPLE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1000 EAGLE GATE TOWER SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84111			1654	
			DATE MAILED: 02/07/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comment	10/606,486	MISER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Susan B. McCormick-Ewoldt	1654				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repulse of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).		nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. 8 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 December 2004.						
	s action is non-fin <u>al</u> .					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) 25 and 26 is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1-24 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)	_					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
<ul> <li>Notice of Draitsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P10-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PT0-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>September 19, 2003</u>.</li> </ul>		atent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restriction

Applicant's election without traverse of Group I in the reply filed on December 17, 2004 is acknowledged.

Claims 25-26 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected claims, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on December 17, 2004.

### Claims Pending

Claims 1-24 will be examined the merits. Applicant has withdrawn claims 25 and 26.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 22 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 22 and 23 recites the limitation "the vehicle" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ekanayake et al. (6,361,812 B1).

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Ekanayake *et al.* (6,361,812 B1) teaches using wasabi (i.e. Japanese horseradish) in addition to sunflower, palm and coconut oil (column 9, 45-46, 53-54; column 15, lines 31-32) used as emulsions in a composition for use as personal care products (column 2, line 44). Ekanayake *et al.* does not specifically teach using pentylene glycol, undecylenoyl glycine or capryloyl glycine nor the pH of the composition. However, in light of the websites "Alexander Essential (<a href="http://www.alexander-essentials.com/allergenics-steroid-free-emollient-cream.php3">http://www.alexander-essentials.com/allergenics-steroid-free-emollient-cream.php3</a>) which disclose that capryloyl glycine is derived from palm and sunflower seed and the website, "Naturopathica" (<a href="http://www.naturopathica.com/inst.html">http://www.naturopathica.com/inst.html</a>), discloses undecylenoyl glycin is derived from coconut. Thus, the palm, sunflower and coconut ingredients in the reference would contain pentylene glycol, undecylenoyl glycine and capryloyl glycine.

The reference also does not specifically teach adding the ingredients in the amounts claimed by Applicant. The amount of a specific ingredient in a composition is clearly a result effective parameter that a person of ordinary skill in the art would routinely optimize.

Optimization of parameters is a routine practice that would be obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to employ. It would have been customary for an artisan of ordinary skill to determine the optimal amount of each ingredient to add in order to best achieve the desired results. Thus, absent some demonstration of unexpected results from the claimed parameters, this optimization of ingredient amount would have been obvious at the time of Applicant's invention.

The reference also does not specifically teach the variation of pH claimed by Applicant. The variation of a specific ingredient in a composition is clearly a result effective parameter that a person of ordinary skill in the art would routinely optimize. Optimization of parameters is a routine practice that would be obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to employ. It would have been customary for an artisan of ordinary skill to determine the optimal variation of the pH in order to best achieve the desired results. Thus, absent some demonstration of unexpected results from the claimed parameters, this optimization of variation of pH would have been obvious at the time of Applicant's invention.

The reference also does not specifically teach using the claimed composition in gels, serums, emulsions and solutions as claimed by Applicant. The carrier type in a composition is clearly a parameter that a person of ordinary skill in the art would routinely optimize.

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Optimization of parameters is a routine practice that would be obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to employ. It would have been customary for an artisan of ordinary skill to determine the carrier type in order to best achieve the desired results. In personal care products gels, serums, emulsions and solutions are common carriers. Thus, absent some demonstration of unexpected results from the claimed parameters, this optimization of carrier types would have been obvious at the time of Applicant's invention.

It would clearly have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use sunflower, palm and coconut oil as taught by the cited reference and websites which show that the chemicals claimed are intrinsic because the reference and websites clearly disclose that such preparations are intended to be administered so as to achieve the therapeutic effect beneficially disclosed by the reference.

From the teachings of the reference, it is apparent that one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of success in producing the claimed invention.

Therefore, the invention as a whole was *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the references, especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

#### Summary

No claim is allowed.

## Future Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Susan B. McCormick-Ewoldt whose telephone number is (571) 272-0981. The Examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 6:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Bruce Campell, can be reached on (571) 272-0974. The official fax number for the group is (571) 273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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